

# **OILFIELD CHEMISTRY**

## MSc in Petroleum Engineering MFKOT720011

**COURSE DESCRIPTION** 

University of Miskolc
Faculty of Earth Science and Engineering
Petroleum and Natural Gas Institute
September 2022

## Course Data Sheet

Course Title: Oilfield Chemistry	Code: MFKOT720011
Instructor: Dr. István LAKATOS,	Responsible department/institute:
professor emeritus	DPE/IPNG (OMTSZ/KFGI)
	Course Element: Compulsory
Position in curriculum*	Pre-requisites (if any): -
(which semester):	
(2)	
No. of contact hours per week (lecture	Type of Assessment (examination /
+ <b>seminar</b> ): 2+1	practical mark / other): examination
Credits: 3	Course: full time

#### **Course Description:**

- 1. Fundamentals of physical chemistry and colloid chemistry: behavior of real gases, equilibria, reaction kinetics, sorption phenomena.
- 2. Fundamentals of physical chemistry and colloid chemistry: rheology, diffusion, colloid systems, surface and interfacial tension.
- 3. Fundamentals of physical chemistry and colloid chemistry: capillary forces, wettability
- 4. Fundamentals of physical chemistry and colloid chemistry: properties of suspensions and emulsions.
- 5. Chemistry of drilling muds.
- 6. Chemistry of well completion fluids.
- 7. Chemical well stimulation methods including hydraulic fracturing, acidization, profile control in water injection wells.
- 8. Chemical methods providing selective fluid flow in oil and gas producing wells (water shutoff treatments and GOR improving techniques).
- 9. Fundamentals of intensive flooding technologies addressing the whole reservoir space.
- 10. Chemical aspects of improved and enhanced oil and gas productions methods (IOR/EOR and IGR/EGR), including the thermal, gas injection and chemical (alkaline, surfactant and polymer) technologies.
- 11. Mitigation of formation damage by chemicals, bottomhole clean-up for paraffin, asphaltene deposits, and chemical sand control in wells.
- 12. Basics of water technology: composition of formation waters, mechanism of scale formation, their inhibition and removal of inorganic scales by chemicals.
- 13. Surface and underground corrosion of metallic structures, types and origin of corrosion, corrosion inhibitors.
- 14. Hydrocarbon hydrates and inhibition of hydrate formation at well site and transport pipelines. Competencies to evolve:

#### Knowledge:

Knows the economic processes related to the hydrocarbon industry.

Knows the equipment and methods required for the drilling and completion of oil, natural gas and water wells and has the necessary knowledge to plan drillings.

Knows the malfunctions that typically occur during the construction of oil, natural gas, and water wells and how to resolve them.

Knows the processes and phenomena occurring during production in petroleum and natural gas water wells.

Knows the equipment used for different types of production; and the methods ensuring the appropriate selection of the necessary equipment and procedures.

Knows the properties of the fluids found in petroleum, natural gas and geothermal reservoirs, as well as the storage rocks; characteristics of flow in such reservoirs.

Knows the production mechanisms of underground reservoirs and the primary or enhanced extraction mechanisms that ensure optimal production.

Knows the basics of numerical simulation of underground storages.

Knows the equipment and procedures related to the pipeline transportation of crude oil, natural gas and water.

Knows the basics of field and transmission line transport planning and operation.

Knows the methods and tools of computerized design and analysis in the hydrocarbon industry. Ability:

Able to interpret the economic processes related to the hydrocarbon industry and to give adequate answers to them.

Able to manage groups operating the equipment required for the drilling and completion of oil, natural gas and water wells and to plan the drilling.

Able to avoid and eliminate malfunctions that typically occur during the construction of oil, natural gas, and water wells.

Capable of monitoring and forecasting the processes taking place in oil and natural gas water wells. Able to choose the optimal production method, design and select the production equipment.

Capable of predicting the behavior of fluids in petroleum, natural gas, and geothermal reservoirs, the properties of reservoir rocks, and the characteristics of flow in such reservoirs.

Able to recognize the production mechanisms of underground reservoirs and select the primary or enhanced extraction mechanisms that provide optimal production.

Capable of numerical simulation of underground storages.

Capable of hydrocarbon industrial computer design and analysis.

Attitude:

Autonomy and responsibility:

Able to independently manage hydrocarbon industrial complex planning works and perform project management tasks, or participate in them.

Capable, as an efficient part of a group, of planning the drilling and completion of fluid producing wells and conducting deep drilling; to optimize the costs of deep drilling; to prevent malfunctions occurring during deep drilling.

Autonomously able to plan the production of fluid-producing wells, to achieve optimal production conditions; for the appropriate selection of the necessary equipment and procedures; to implement solutions that ensure maximum profit.

Capable of independently choosing the appropriate mechanisms for the production of underground reservoirs; to implement the most favorable "reservoir management".

Able to independently plan the transportation of fluids and operate the transportation equipment. Able to autonomously plan the use of energy carriers produced from renewable natural resources and residual materials in the energy supply system, and manage the operation of the established system.

Takes responsibility for his/her professional decisions and the work processes carried out by him/her or under his/her control.

Assessment and grading:		Grading scale:	
Students will be assessed with using the		% value	Grade
following elements.		00 1000/	5
Attendance:	5 %	90 -100%	(excellent)
Midterm exam	40 %	80 - 89%	4 (good)
Final exam	55 %		3
Total	100%	70 - 79%	(satisfactory
			)
		60 - 69%	2 (pass)
		0 - 59%	1 (failed)

#### **Compulsory or recommended literature resources:**

- Laider, K. J., Meiser, J. H.: "Physical Chemistry" Houghton Miffin Co., ISBN 0-395-91848-0, Boston (USA), 1999
- Atkins, P. W.: "Physical Chemistry", Oxford Univ. Press, ISBN 0-19-850102-1, Oxford (UK), 1998
- Green, D. W., Willhite, G. P.: "Enhanced Oil Recovery", SPE Inc., ISBN 1-55563-077-4, Richardson (USA), 1998
- Schechter, R. S.: "Oil Well Stimulation", Prentice Hall International, ISBN 0-13-949934-2, Englewood Cliffs (USA), 1992
- Jones, L. W.: "Corrosion and Water Technology for Petroleum Producers", Oil and Gas Consultants International Inc., ISBN 0-930972-09-0, Tulsa (USA), 1990

## Course Schedule for 2022/23 school year

Date	Topic			
9/7/2022	Fundamentals of physical chemistry and colloid chemistry: behavior of real			
	gases, equilibria, reaction kinetics, sorption phenomena.			
9/14/2022	Fundamentals of physical chemistry and colloid chemistry: rheology,			
	diffusion, colloid systems, surface and interfacial tension.			
9/14/2022	Fundamentals of physical chemistry and colloid chemistry: capillary forces, wettability			
9/28/2022	Fundamentals of physical chemistry and colloid chemistry: properties of suspensions and emulsions.			
10/5/2022	Chemistry of drilling muds.			
10/12/2022	Chemistry of well completion fluids. Chemical well stimulation methods			
	including hydraulic fracturing, acidization, profile control in water injection wells.			
10/19/2022	Test writing.			
10/26/2022	Chemical methods providing selective fluid flow in oil and gas			
	producing wells (water shutoff treatments and GOR improving			
	techniques).			
10/26/2022	Fundamentals of intensive flooding technologies addressing the whole			
	reservoir space.			
11/9/2022	Chemical aspects of improved and enhanced oil and gas productions			
	methods (IOR/EOR and IGR/EGR), including the thermal, gas			
	injection and chemical (alkaline, surfactant and polymer) technologies.			
11/16/2022	Mitigation of formation damage by chemicals, bottomhole clean-up for			
	paraffin, asphaltene deposits, and chemical sand control in wells.			
11/23/2022	Basics of water technology: composition of formation waters,			
	mechanism of scale formation, their inhibition and removal of			
	inorganic scales by chemicals.			
11/30/2022	Surface and underground corrosion of metallic structures, types and			
	origin of corrosion, corrosion inhibitors. Hydrocarbon hydrates and			
	inhibition of hydrate formation at well site and transport pipelines.			
12/7/2022	Test writing.			

#### **Examination review questions**

- Fundamentals of physical chemistry and colloid chemistry: behavior of real gases,
   equilibria, reaction kinetics, sorption phenomena.
- Fundamentals of physical chemistry and colloid chemistry: rheology, diffusion, colloid systems, surface and interfacial tension.
- Fundamentals of physical chemistry and colloid chemistry: capillary forces, wettability
- Fundamentals of physical chemistry and colloid chemistry: properties of suspensions and emulsions.
- Chemistry of drilling muds.
- Chemistry of well completion fluids.
- Chemical well stimulation methods including hydraulic fracturing, acidization, profile control in water injection wells.
- Chemical methods providing selective fluid flow in oil and gas producing wells (water shutoff treatments and GOR improving techniques).
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  and IGR/EGR), including the thermal, gas injection and chemical (alkaline, surfactant and
  polymer) technologies.
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- Surface and underground corrosion of metallic structures, types and origin of corrosion, corrosion inhibitors.
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